

Three-step process for identifying and treating gardening problems:

- 1. Correct any cultural conditions contributing to the problem, and maintain plant health organically.
- 2. Identify the problem/pest correctly.
- 3. Choose the least toxic strategy for addressing the problem/pest.

Least-toxic solutions for common gardening problems:

APHIDS:

Spray a strong blast of water every 3 - 5 days. Release ladybugs & avoid pesticides thereafter.

Spray with fish emulsion every 5 days.

Spray with insecticidal soap every 5 days.

BLACK SPOT: (Avoid overwatering or wetting rose leaves when watering).

Pick off the most damaged leaves; rake up fallen leaves. Spray *Serenade* Disease Control.

Spray Potassium Bicarbonate.

CATERPILLARS: (Avoid harming butterfly larvae).

Pick off offending caterpillars.

Spray B.t. (Bacillus thuringensis) in the evening.

CHIGGERS:

Apply diatomaceous earth or dusting sulfur.

CHINCH BUGS:

(All areas of lawn in full sun need to be treated).

Apply diatomaceous earth. (d.e.) (not pool type)

Apply *EcoSmart* Organic Insect Killer weekly 2 – 3 wks

FIRE ANTS:

Apply beneficial nematodes. (Below 90°; water weekly) Use a mound drench such as Erath Earth's *Compost Tea*.

Apply *Dry Molasses* throughout the property.

Apply Green Light Conserve bait.

FLEAS:

Apply beneficial nematodes. (Below 90°; water weekly)

Apply EcoSmart Organic Insect Killer weekly 2-3 wks Apply d.e.

GRASSHOPPERS:

Apply *Nolo Bait* to entire property. (Encourage neighbors to do the same).

GRUBWORMS: (There is no need for control if there are fewer than 5 - 10 grubs per square foot). Apply beneficial nematodes. (Below 90° ; water weekly)

MOSQUITOES: Drop Mosquito Dunks or Bits into any standing water or over wet areas of soil.

Use Mosquito Barrier, Dr. T's Mosquito Repelling Granules, Amazon Lights Incense or Candles, or Yardsafe Insect Repelling Granules as repellant.

Use Oak Stump Mosquito Traps.

PECAN WEBWORMS:

Release Trichogramma wasps in early May, mid-June, & early August (at the first sign of the *moths*). Open webs and spray inside with *B.t.* (in the evening).

POWDERY MILDEW:

Spray undiluted cow's milk – 2X per week.

Spray Serenade.

Spray Potassium Bicarbonate.

SCALE: (Spray oils below 90°).

Spray Organocide horticultural oil weekly for 2-3 wks.

Spray *All Seasons* oil weekly for 2 - 3 wks.

SNAILS & SLUGS:

Place half-full, shallow containers of beer into the ground in shady areas.

Apply Sluggo.

SPIDER MITES: (Spray oils below 90°)

Spray Organocide or All Seasons oil.

SQUASH BUGS, STINK BUGS, LEAF-FOOTED BUG:

Pick bugs by hand and squish or drown in soapy water.

Dust plants with d.e.

Vacuum them up with a shop vacuum.

SOUASH VINE BORERS:

Cut slit in stem; remove borer; cover stem with soil.

Spray base of plant with *B.t.* solution weekly.

Prevention: Cover plant with lightweight row cover until female flowers form; then uncover or hand pollinate.

THRIPS & WHITEFLIES: (Spray oils below 90°)

Spray Organocide or All Seasons oil weekly, 2–3 wks

Always remember that beneficial creatures are out there, assisting you in your garden and landscape. Learn to recognize as allies: bats, ground beetles, birds, fireflies, frogs, ladybugs, ladybug larvae, lacewings, lizards, praying mantids, garden snakes, geckos, spiders, and even wasps. Cultivate a low toxicity outlook on maintaining your outdoor and indoor environment. Spray liquids on leaf surfaces only early in the morning or late in the evening. Only spray plants when the soil is moist – never spray a dry plant.